NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK LEG	GEND, TERMS, SYMB	OLS, AND ABBREVI	ATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION WELL GRADED: INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO CO	COARSE HARD ROCK		DESCRIPTION IT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YELDS LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASAPITO 7206, ASTM 0-1586), SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE ASAPITO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, ASAPITO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	UNIFORM- INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALS POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED- INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS; ANGULA	ALSO ROCK LINE SPT REFUS IN NON-CO OF WEATH	INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-(AL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON ASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITI	COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SAMPLER EOUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. ON BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AOUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS,
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STIFF, GRAY SULY CUP, MOST WITH INTERSECCED FINE SAND LIVERS, HIGHLY PLUSTIC, A-7-6 SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED. MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	WEATHERED ROCK (WR)	PER FOOT.	LAIN MATERIAL THAT YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. <u>ARTESIAN</u> - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS CLASS. (35% PASSING *200) (*35% PASSING *200) GRANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, NICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRI WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	RIPTIONS CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)	WOULD YIELD SI GNEISS, GABBRO,	PT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, , SCHIST, ETC.	AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. <u>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</u> SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
CROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6 A-7 CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-2-6 A-3 A-6. A-7	. COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 30	NON-CRYSTAL ROCK (NCR)	SEDIMENTARY RO		COLLUYIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT 31-50 LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL			SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED C.	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
Y. PASSING	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT- CLAY	RIA		ATHERING	<u>DIKE</u> - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
= 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MX	SOILS SOIL	- 10% - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.		$\overline{ ext{OIP}}$ - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
LIDUID LIMIT 40 MX 41 MN 50 ILS WITH PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP. 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 TITLE OR HIGHLY	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35%	- 35% K AND ABOVE VERY SLIGHT (V. SLI.)		NED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) -</u> THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. OF MAJOR GRAYEL AND FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC OF MAJOR GRAYEL AND	GROUND WATER WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING.	SLIGHT (SLI.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAIN I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CL	NED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO AY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SUILS SUILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS. PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STRATA	MODERATE (MOD.)	SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW	. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN RE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
AS A SUBGRADE EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR POOR UNSUITABLE P.I. OF A-7-5 ≤ L.L 30 : P.I. OF A-7-6 > L.L 30	E PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STRATA OMn Spring or Seepage	(MOU.)		NO SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)	AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHO	D OR STAINED, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL DW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH OGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT2)		AMPLE	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	<u>.</u>	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE 4	COTI CYMDOL ALICED BORING	JLK SAMPLE SEVERE (SEV.)		ED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED ANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME 8 ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS CURE BORING SAM	PLIT SPOON AMPLE VERY SEVERE HELBY TUBE (V. SEV.)	IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 1 ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORE THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED 1	100 BPF D OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK E OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTILED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1	SIJEITS INFERRED ROCK LINE	OCK SAMPLE	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FAB	RIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 1 TO 15 1 TO 2 (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	SLOPE INDICATOR TRI	ECOMPACTED RIAXIAL SAMPLE		MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	ROCK STRUCTURES SPT N-VALUE	CBR SAMPLE		C HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.0 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	SOUNDING ROD REF—————————————————————————————————	VERY HARD	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLO	SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES DGISTS PICK. CK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
BOULDER	ABBREVIATIONS		TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	CK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	BT - BORING TERMINATED FRAGS FRAGMENTS SLI SI	SLIGHTLY HARD TRICONE REFUSAL	EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEO BY MODERATE BLOWS.	DLOGISTS PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF
SIZE IN. 12' 3' SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE MICA MICACEOUS V VER DMT - DILATOMETER TEST MOD MODERATELY VST - V	10ISTURE CONTENT MEDIUM ERY HARD VANE SHEAR TEST UNIT WEIGHT SOFT	CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS POINT OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK.	NCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS.
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	e - VOID RATIO PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST	DRY UNIT WEIGHT	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER F	SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PRESSURE.	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.D.D) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY:
LL LIQUID LIMIT (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SD SAND, SANDY	VERY SOFT		EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES I INCH KEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EDUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
RANCE - WET - (W) SEMISOLID. REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT		RACTURE SPACING	BEDDING TERM THICKNESS	TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TY	MATIC MANUAL VERY WIL	E MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	BENCH MARK: BL-4 -BL- PINC I6+04.73=
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE 8- CLAY BITS 6 CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	MODERATI	3 TO 10 FEET ELY CLOSE	THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO - DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	BK-51 X 8'HOLLOW AUGERS -8	VERY CLI	DSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET DURATION	NOTES:
PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (P1) DRY STRENGTH	CME-45C	FOR SEDIMEN		VING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	X CME-550 X TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS -H	FF		WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOL	OLS:	GENTLE	BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE:	
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH COLOR	TRICONE TUNGCARB.	ID AUGER	BREAKS	EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER,	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY)	CORE BIT SOUN	NE SHEAR TEST	OIFFICU	ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	OTHER OTHER OTHER	EX		HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	

STATE PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS
33240.1.1 2 1/

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